WordPress Optimization

Siddhant Mandal

CEO, Binwary Founder, TechPatro

HOW

to speed up WordPress website?

Why Speed is Important for Our WordPress Site?

Studies show that from 2000 to 2016, the average human attention span has dropped from 12 seconds to 7 seconds.



"You have very little time to show users your content and convince them to stay on your website."



Why Worry About Performance?

 Google says "an extra 500ms in latency drop search traffic by 20%"

 Amazon states "for every 100ms of latency, they lose 1% of their sales"

"1 second slower is equal to 1.6 billion in lost sales per year"

Performance optimized sites

- Get more trust
- Get more page views
- Transform visitors into customer
- Keep your customers happy
- Get more revenue
- Cost less in hardware and network etc.

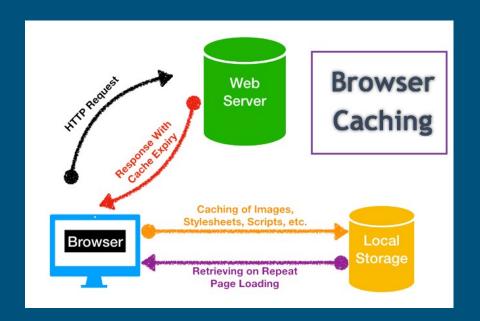
How to Check Your WordPress Website Speed?

Often beginners think that their website is OK just because it doesn't feel slow on their computer. That's a HUGE mistake.



Frequently visiting website store your website in cache and automatically prefetch it while typing an address. This makes your website load almost instantly.

While First time may not have the same experience. In fact, users in different geographical locations will have a completely different experience.

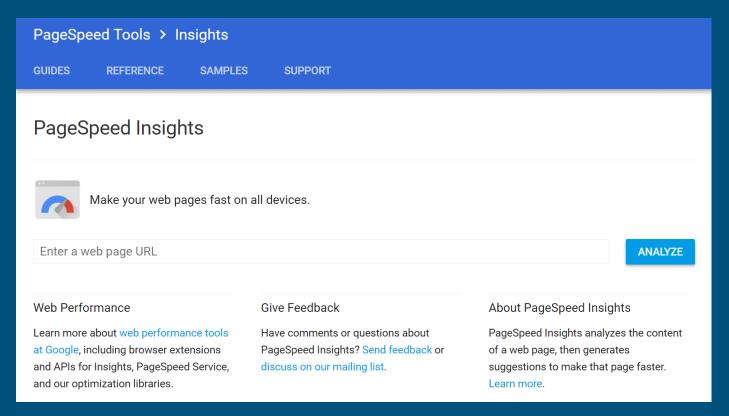


1. Pingdom



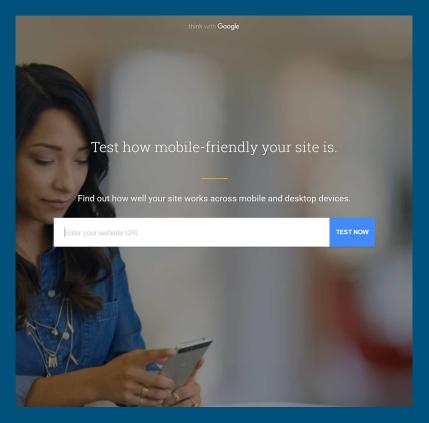
URL: https://tools.pingdom.com/

2. Google PageSpeed Insights



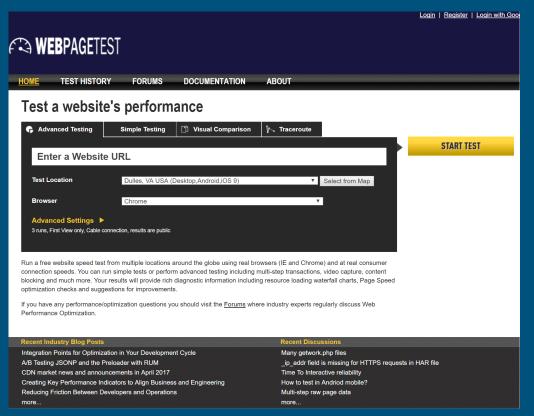
URL: https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/insights/

3. Google Mobile Website Speed Testing Tool



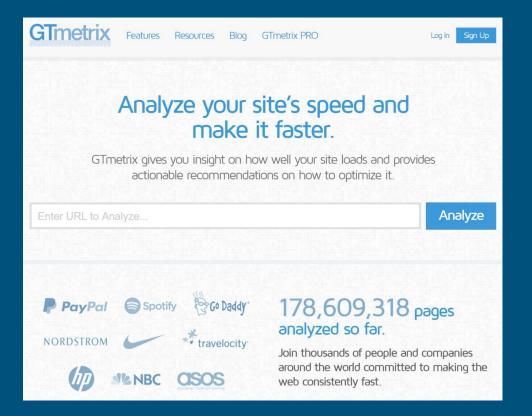
URL: https://testmysite.thinkwithgoogle.com/

4. WebPageTest



URL: https://www.webpagetest.org/

5. GTmetrix



URL: https://gtmetrix.com/



Speed Up WordPress

1. Choose a better web hosting provider

Bluehost



InMotion Hosting



DreamHost



HostGator



• SiteGround



WP Engine



Some popular cloud computing services:

- Amazon Web Services
- DigitalOcean
- Google Cloud Platform
- Microsoft Azure etc.

2. Start with a solid framework/theme

- Twenty Fifteen "framework" (the default WP theme) is lightweight and quite speedy.
- GENERATEPRESS
- ASTRA
- SCHEMA
- SKIN
- GENESIS FRAMEWORK
- SociallyViral etc.

3. Use an effective caching plugin

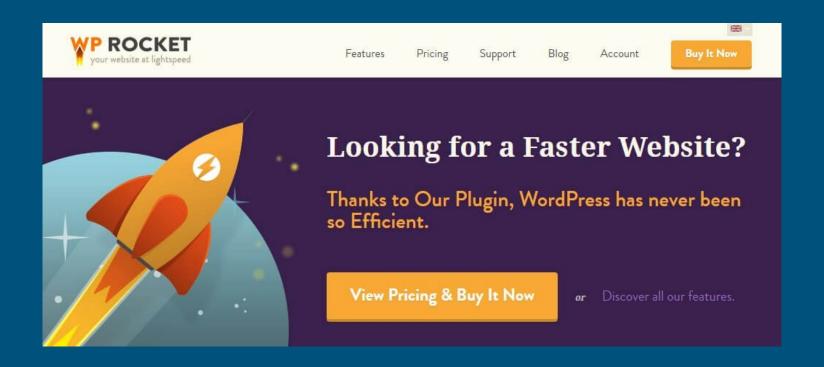
W3 Total Cache



WP Super Cache



WP Rocket



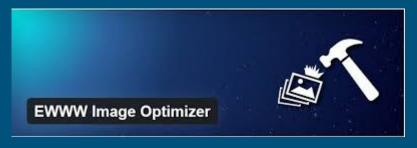
4. Reduce image sizes

Images are the major contributors to size increment of a given webpage. The trick is to reduce the size of the images without compromising on the quality.

WP Smush



• <u>EWWW Image Optimizer</u>



5. Minify JS and CSS files

If you run your website through Google PageSpeed Insights tool, you will probably be notified about minimizing the size of your CSS and JS files. What this means is that by reducing the number of CSS and JS calls and the size of those files, you can improve the site-loading speed.

Guides provided by Google



Autoptimize



6. Enable GZIP compression

Compressed code is faster code. Enabling gzip compression (a standard compression algorithm) in WordPress can reduce site load time by over 300%.



OR add the following codes in your .htaccess file.

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/plain

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/html

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/xml

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/css

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/xml

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/xhtml+xml

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/rss+xml

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/javascript

AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/x-javascript

7. Cleanup WordPress database

Deleting unwanted data from your database delete spam comments, fake users, old drafts of your content and maybe even unwanted plugins as well as themes. All of this will reduce the size of your databases and web files, and thus speed up WordPress website.

- WP-Optimize
- WP-DBManager

8. Deactivate or uninstall plugins

Keeping unwanted plugins on your WordPress websites will add a tremendous amount of junk to your web files. Moreover, it will also increase the size of your backup and put an overwhelming amount of load on your server resources while backup files are being generated. It is better to get rid of the plugins that you don't use.



9. Disable pingbacks and trackbacks

Pingbacks and trackbacks are two core WordPress components that alert you whenever your blog or page receives a link. It might sound useful, but you also have things such as Google Webmaster Tools and other services to check the links of your website.

You can turn it all off in WP-Admin -> Settings -> Discussion. Just deselect "Allow link notifications from other blogs (pingbacks and trackbacks)." This will help you speed up WordPress some more.

10. Use a content delivery network (CDN)

Essentially, a CDN, or content delivery network, takes all your static files you've got on your site (CSS, Javascript and images etc.) and lets visitors download them as fast as possible by serving the files on servers as close to them as possible.

- CloudFlare
- Free-CDN
- Incapsula
- Photon by Jetpack

Thank

you!

Any

Queries?

Next MeetUp!

- 1. Time to First Byte (TTFB)
- 2. Avoid 301 Redirects
- 3. Prefetch and Preconnect
- 4. HTTP/2
- 5. PHP7 and HHVM

- 6. Web Font Performance
- 7. Hotlink protection
- 8. Infrastructure
- 9. <u>Fix 404 Errors</u>